

UV - 5 mm

Ultra Violet Type LED Lamps (5mm)

Features:

- High intensity
- Standard T-1 3/4 diameter package
- Wide viewing angle
- General purpose leads
- Reliable and rugged

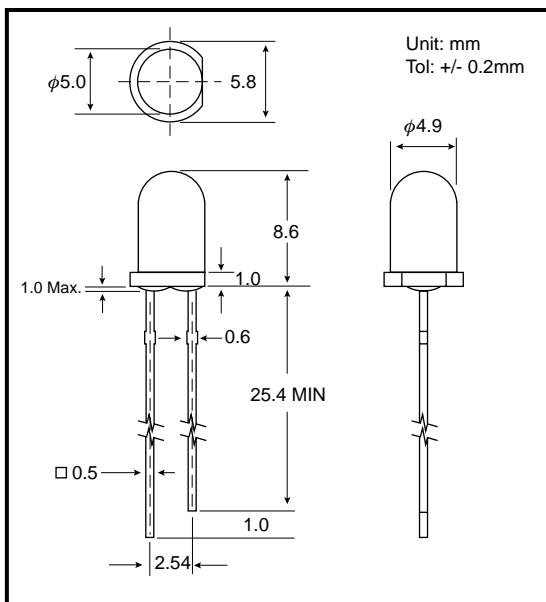
Part NO.	Lens Color	Source Color
UV-5mm	Water Clear	Violet

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\phi 0.25$ (.010")mm unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm (.04") max
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.
6. Caution in ESD: Static Electricity and surge damages the LED.

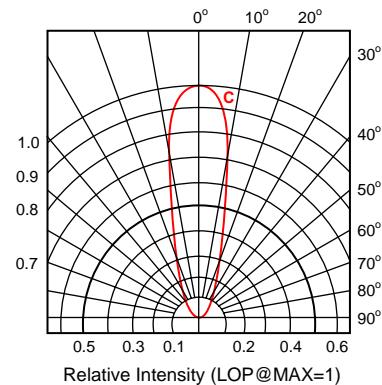
It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	MAX.	Unit
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current	35	mA
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to $+80^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to $+80^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature[4mm(.157") From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	



Electrical Optical Characteristics at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	I_v	---	290	---	mcd	$I_F=20\text{mA}$ (Remark 1)
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	20	25	30	Deg	(Remark 2)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	---	405	---	nm	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d	---	430	---	nm	$I_F=20\text{mA}$ (Remark 3)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$	11	16	21	nm	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Forward Voltage	V_F	2.8	3.7	4.5	V	$I_F=20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	---	---	100	mA	$V_R=5\text{V}$

Remarks:

1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
3. The dominant wavelength (λ_d) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.